

Mardi 28 Février: (Claudio Sibilis)

I - A_∞ algebra

- A tensor alg on V is $(T^c(V[1]), \delta)$
- A tensor morphism $F: (T^c(V[1]), \delta^V) \rightarrow (T^c(W[1]), \delta^W)$
Let $\rho^1: T^c(V[1]) \otimes T^c(V[1]) \rightarrow T^c(V[2])$
- A coalgebra on V is a tensor alg $(T^c(V[1]), \delta^V)$
s.t $\delta^V(\rho^1(a \otimes b)) = 0 \quad \forall a, b \in k$
- A Cocomorphism is a morphism F of coalg s.t $F(\rho^1(a \otimes b)) = 0 \quad \forall a, b \in k$
- $(T^c(V[1]), \delta)$

Let $(V, m^V), (A, m^A) \quad \text{Hom}_{gr}(T^c(V[1]), A) \rightarrow$
 define $M_n: \text{Hom}_{gr}(T^c(V[1]), A)^{\otimes n} \rightarrow (\text{---})$
 via $\Gamma_1(f) := -m_1^A(f) - (-1)^{|f|} f \circ \delta^V$
 $\Gamma_n(f_1, \dots, f_n) := (-1)^n m_n^A(f_1, \dots, f_n) \circ \Delta^{n-1}$

Prop: $(\text{Hom}_{dg\text{Vect}}(T^c(V[1]), A), \Gamma)$ is an A_∞-algebra
Cor: $(\text{---}, \Gamma)$ is an L_∞-algebra

Let $L_{V[1]}^* A \subset \text{Hom}(T^c(V[1]), A)$ as the set of map which vanish on shuffles
 $f(\rho^1(a \otimes b)) = 0$

Dictionary

Let V, A as before there is a bijection

① $F: T^c(V[1]) \rightarrow T^c(A[1]) \quad \text{Cocomorph}$

② $\gamma \in MC(L_{V[1]}^* A, \Gamma)$

We define $(L_{V[1]}^* A)^i \subseteq L_{V[1]}^* A$ as the space of $f(v) = 0$ for $|v| > i$

Prop: Assume that A is unital, V finite type

• $\text{Hom}(T^c(V[1]), A) \simeq A \hat{\otimes} \hat{T}(V^*[-1])$

• $L_{V[1]}^* A \simeq A \hat{\otimes} \hat{\text{Lie}}(V^*[-1])$

• Consider $(\delta_V)^*: \text{Hom}(T^c(V[1]), A) \rightarrow$

Then $(\delta_V)^*: L_{V[1]}^* A \rightarrow L_{V[1]}^* A$ is well defined and

$\text{Im}((\delta_V)^*) \cong (L_{V[1]}^* A)^0 \oplus (L_{V[1]}^* A)^1$
 \cong

$A \hat{\otimes} R$ where R is a Lie ideal of $\hat{\text{Lie}}(V^*[-1])$

Consider Π defined by $\Pi: A \hat{\otimes} \hat{\text{Lie}}(V^*[-1]) \xrightarrow{\text{restr}} A \hat{\otimes} \hat{\text{Lie}}((V^*)^*[-1]) \xrightarrow{\text{proj}} A \hat{\otimes} (\hat{\text{Lie}}((V^*)^*[-1]) / R)$

Prop: $(A \hat{\otimes} (\widehat{\text{Lie}}(V^*)[-1]) / \mathcal{R}, \ell.)$ is again L_∞

π is a (strict) morphism of L_∞ algebra (preserve MC elements)

Ex: . M manifold, connected
 . $A = A_{\text{DR}}^1(M)$
 . $V = H^1(M) = \bigoplus_{p>0} H^p(M)$

1) $\gamma \in A_{\text{DR}}^1(M) \hat{\otimes} \widehat{\text{Lie}}((V^*)[-1]) / \mathcal{R}$

consider the trivial bundle on M with fiber $\widehat{\text{Lie}}((V^*)[-1]) / \mathcal{R} = L$

Consider the action of $L \hookrightarrow L$ given by

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Ad} : L &\rightarrow L & d-\gamma \text{ connection} \\ v &\mapsto [v, -] \end{aligned}$$

2) $\gamma \in \text{MC}(\pi) \Rightarrow d-\gamma$ is flat

$\gamma \in A \hat{\otimes} L$
 Choose basis x_1, x_2, \dots for V

$$\gamma = \sum w_i x_i + \sum w_{ij} [x_i, x_j] + \dots$$

Existence of γ

Thm: Let (A, m_A) be unital C_∞ algebra s.t. $H^1(A, m_A)$ is of finite type + connected
 Fix a diagram

$$H(A, m_1^A) \xleftarrow{p} (A, m_2^A) \xrightarrow{h}$$

st: $p \circ i = \text{id}$ $i \circ p - \text{id} = dh + hd$

By HTT we have $i : (H(A, m_1^A), m!) \rightarrow (A, m^A)$
 \uparrow
 C_∞

Set $V \cong H^1(A, m_1^A)$

. $(V, m^V) C_\infty$, $m^V := m^!|_V$

. $i : (V, m^V) \rightarrow (A, m_2^A)$

$$\downarrow$$

$$F : T^c(V[1]) \rightarrow T^c(A[1])$$

By dictionary $\gamma \in \text{MC}(A \hat{\otimes} \widehat{\text{Lie}}(V^*[1]), \ell.)$

By π (strict morphism)

$$\pi(\gamma) \in \text{MC}(A \hat{\otimes} \widehat{\text{Lie}}(V^*[-1]) / \mathcal{R}, \ell.)$$

$$\pi(\gamma) = \sum w_i x_i + \sum w_{ij} [x_i, x_j] + \dots$$

Simplicial manifold x_i, \dots, x_j basis of V

$$M. = \begin{array}{c} M_2 \\ \downarrow \hat{\downarrow} \downarrow \hat{\downarrow} \\ M_1 \\ \downarrow \hat{\downarrow} \downarrow \hat{\downarrow} \\ M_0 \end{array} \quad \text{Daniel: } SL_{n-1} \hat{\otimes} A_{\text{DR}}(M_{n-2})$$