



fc oogmsh Matlab toolbox, User's Guide*

version 0.2.4

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Abstract

This Matlab toolbox make it possible to generate mesh files from `.geo` files by using `gmsh`. It's also possible with the `ooGMSH2` and `ooGMSH4` classes to read the mesh file (respectively for MSH file format version 2.2 and version 4.x). This toolbox must be regarded as a very simple interface between `gmsh` files and Matlab. So you are free to create any data structures or objects you want from an `ooGMSH2` object or an `ooGMSH4` object.

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1 Introduction

The `fc_oogmsh` Matlab toolbox is closely related to `gmsh`, see [2] or [3], which is a three-dimensional finite element mesh generator with built-in pre- and post-processing facilities. `gmsh` can also build two-dimensional meshes and three-dimensional surface meshes. This toolbox was initially created to make it possible from Matlab to rapidly

- generate mesh file from .geo file by using `gmsh`
- efficiently read this mesh file and store its contents in `ooGMSH` Matlab object easy to manipulate.

The `ooGMSH` Matlab object can be used to create, from a .msh file, any data structures or objects needed by your project. For example, the fc-simesh Matlab toolbox uses this toolbox to create the `SiMESH` object containing all the simplices elements of the mesh.

This toolbox was only tested on Ubuntu 22.04.1 with Matlab R2022a.

Firstly, we explain how to configure the `fc_oogmsh` toolbox for using `gmsh`. Thereafter, we describe the `fc_oogmsh`'s functions which use `gmsh` to create mesh files.

2 Installation

2.1 Installation automatic, all in one (recommended)

For automatic installation, one has to get/download the install file

`mfc_oogmsh_install.m`

or get it on the dedicated web page. Thereafter, one run it under Matlab. This command download, extract and configure the *fc-oogmsh* toolbox and all the required toolboxes in the current directory.

By default, the gmsh binary is supposed to be located in

- <USERDIR>/bin/gmsh under linux and MacOS,
- <USERDIR>/Softwares/GMSH/gmsh.exe under Windows.

To specify an other location one can do

```
>> mfc_oogmsh_install('gmsh_bin', GMSH)
```

where GMSH is the gmsh binary with path as a string. It's also possible, after installation, to change the gmsh binary by using the Matlab command

```
>> fc_oogmsh.configure('gmsh_bin','~/gmsh-4.11.0/bin/gmsh')
```

For example, to install this toolbox in ~/Matlab directory, one have to copy the file mfc_oogmsh_install.m in the ~/Matlab directory. Then in a Matlab terminal run the following commands

```
>> cd ~/Matlab
>> mfc_oogmsh_install
```

There is the output of the **mfc_oogmsh_install** command on a Linux computer:

```
Parts of the <fc-oogmsh> Matlab toolbox.
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1- Downloading and extracting the toolboxes
2- Setting the <fc-oogmsh> toolbox
Write in ~/Matlab/fc-oogmsh-full/fc_oogmsh-0.2.4/configure_loc.m ...
3- Using toolboxes :
->          fc-tools : 0.0.34
->          fc-bench : 0.1.3
->          fc-amat : 0.1.3
->          fc-meshtools : 0.1.4
->          fc-graphics4mesh : 0.1.5
with          fc-oogmsh : 0.2.4
*** Using instructions
To use the <fc-oogmsh> toolbox:
addpath('~/Matlab/fc-oogmsh-full/fc_oogmsh-0.2.4')
fc_oogmsh.init()

See ~/Matlab/mfc_oogmsh_set.m
```

The complete toolbox (i.e. with all the other needed toolboxes) is stored in the directory
`~/Matlab/fc-oogmsh-full`

and, for each Matlab session, one has to set the toolbox by:

```
>> addpath('~/Matlab/fc-oogmsh-full/fc_oogmsh-0.2.4')
>> fc_oogmsh.init()
```

If it's the first time the **fc_oogmsh.init()** function is used, then its output is

```
Try to use default parameters!
Use fc_tools.configure to configure.
Write in ~/Matlab/fc-oogmsh-full/fc_tools-0.0.34/configure_loc.m ...
Try to use default parameters!
Use fc_bench.configure to configure.
Write in ~/Matlab/fc-oogmsh-full/fc_bench-0.1.3/configure_loc.m ...
Try to use default parameters!
Use fc_amat.configure to configure.
Write in ~/Matlab/fc-oogmsh-full/fc_amat-0.1.3/configure_loc.m ...
Try to use default parameters!
Use fc_meshtools.configure to configure.
Write in ~/Matlab/fc-oogmsh-full/fc_meshtools-0.1.4/configure_loc.m ...
Try to use default parameters!
Use fc_graphics4mesh.configure to configure.
Write in ~/Matlab/fc-oogmsh-full/fc_graphics4mesh-0.1.5/configure_loc.m ...
Using fc_oogmsh[0.2.4] with fc_tools[0.0.34], fc_bench[0.1.3], fc_amat[0.1.3], ...
    fc_meshtools[0.1.4], fc_graphics4mesh[0.1.5].
Configured to use gmsh 4.11.0 with default MSH file format version 4.1
```

Otherwise, the output of the **fc_oogmsh.init()** function is

```
Using fc_oogmsh[0.2.4] with fc_tools[0.0.34], fc_bench[0.1.3], fc_amat[0.1.3], ...
  fc_mesh tools[0.1.4], fc_graphics4mesh[0.1.5].
Configured to use gmsh 4.11.0 with default MSH file format version 4.1
```

For **uninstalling**, one just has to delete directory:

```
~/Matlab/fc-oogmsh-full
```

3 gmsh interface

All functions provided in this section use **gmsh** to create a mesh file from a **gmsh** geometry script file (extension *.geo*).

3.1 function `fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh2d`

This function uses **gmsh** and a *.geo* file (describing a 2D-geometry) to generate a 2D-mesh.

Syntaxe

```
meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh2d(geofile,N)
meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh2d(geofile,N,Name,Value)
```

Description

`meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh2d(geofile,N)` create a 2D-mesh using **gmsh** and the *geo* file `geofile` (without path). The integer `N` has two functions : numbering the name of the generated mesh as <geofile without extension and path> + <-N.msh> and passing this number to **gmsh** via the option "-setnumber N <N>". Usually we used this parameter in **gmsh** to set the prescribed mesh element size at the points. (see given *geo* files)

As output return a file name (with full path) corresponding to the mesh generated by **gmsh**.

`meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh2d(geofile,N,Name,Value, ...)` specifies function options using one or more `Name,Value` pair arguments. The `Name` options can be

- '`geodir`' : to specify the directory of the *geo* file `geofile`,
- '`meshdir`' : to specify the directory where the mesh file will be written,
- '`meshfile`' : to specify the name of the mesh file (with path and `.msh` extension),
- '`check`' : to perform various consistency checks on mesh with **gmsh**, if `Value` is `true`. (default : `false`)
- '`force`' : to force meshing even if the mesh file already exists if `Value` is `true` (default : `false`)
- '`verbose`' : to specify the degree of verbosity (0, silence; 2, default; ...)
- '`strings`' : cells array of strings corresponding to **gmsh** options given with `-string "..."` (default empty) (see **gmsh** documentation). For example, `Value` could be:

```
{'Mesh.Algorithm=1;', 'Mesh.ScalingFactor=2;'}
```

- '`MshFileVersion`' : to specify the MSH file format version. `Value` could be
 - '`2.2`' if gmsh version $\geq 2.16.0$,
 - '`4.0`' if gmsh version $\geq 4.0.0$,
 - '`4.1`' if gmsh version $\geq 4.1.0$.

Examples All the following examples use the `.geo` file `condenser11.geo` which is in the directory `geodir` of the toolbox.

Matlab code with output

```
disp('****_fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh2d : 1st call')
meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh2d('condenser11',25,'force',true);
disp('****_fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh2d : 2nd call')
meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh2d('condenser11',25);

**** fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh2d : 1st call
[fc-oogmsh] Input file : <fc-oogmsh>/geodir/2d/condenser11.geo
[fc-oogmsh] Starting building mesh <fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25.msh with gmsh 4.11.0
[fc-oogmsh] Using command : gmsh -2 -setnumber N 25 -string "Mesh.MeshFileVersion=4.1;" <fc-oogmsh>/geodir/2d/condenser11.geo -o ...
    <fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25.msh
Be patient...
[fc-oogmsh] Using gmsh 4.11.0 to write MSH file format version 4.1 in <fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25.msh
**** fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh2d : 2nd call
[fc-oogmsh] Input file : <fc-oogmsh>/geodir/2d/condenser11.geo
[fc-oogmsh] Mesh file <fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25.msh [version 4.1] already exists.
-> Use "force" flag to rebuild if needed.
```

Matlab code with output

```
meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh2d('condenser11',25,'force',true, ...
    'verbose',4, 'strings',{ 'Mesh.Algorithm=1;', 'Mesh.ScalingFactor=2;' }) ;
```

```
[fc-oogmsh] Input file : <fc-oogmsh>/geodir/2d/condenser11.geo
[fc-oogmsh] Overwriting mesh file <fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25.msh
[fc-oogmsh] Starting building mesh <fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25.msh with gmsh 4.11.0
[fc-oogmsh] Using command : '/home/cuvelier/bin/gmsh' -2 -setnumber N 25 -string "Mesh.Algorithm=1;Mesh.ScalingFactor=2;Mesh.MeshFileVersion=4.1;" ...
    '/home/cuvelier/Travail/recherch/MatLab/fc-config/build/tmpdir/packages/fc_oogmsh-0.2.4/geodir/2d/condenser11.geo' -o ...
    '/home/cuvelier/Travail/recherch/MatLab/fc-config/build/tmpdir/packages/fc_oogmsh-0.2.4/meshes/condenser11-25.msh'
Be patient...
[fc-oogmsh] Starting building mesh <fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25.msh with gmsh 4.11.0
[fc-oogmsh] Using command : gmsh -2 -setnumber N 25 -string "Mesh.Algorithm=1;Mesh.ScalingFactor=2;Mesh.MeshFileVersion=4.1;" ...
    <fc-oogmsh>/geodir/2d/condenser11.geo -o <fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25.msh
Be patient...
[fc-oogmsh] gmsh output :
Info : Running '/home/cuvelier/bin/gmsh -2 -setnumber N 25 -string Mesh.Algorithm=1;Mesh.ScalingFactor=2;Mesh.MeshFileVersion=4.1; ...
    <fc-oogmsh>/geodir/2d/condenser11.geo -o <fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25.msh' [Gmsh 4.11.0, 1 node, max. 1 thread]
Info : Started on Wed Dec 21 12:43:14 2022
Info : Reading '<fc-oogmsh>/geodir/2d/condenser11.geo'...
Info : Reading '<fc-oogmsh>/geodir/2d/options01.data.geo'...
Info : Done reading '<fc-oogmsh>/geodir/2d/options01.data.geo'
Info : Reading '<fc-oogmsh>/geodir/2d/shape_functions.geo'...
Info : Done reading '<fc-oogmsh>/geodir/2d/shape_functions.geo'
Warning : Skipping unknown surface 115 in physical surface 1
Warning : Skipping unknown surface 125 in physical surface 3
Warning : Skipping unknown surface 135 in physical surface 5
Warning : Skipping unknown surface 145 in physical surface 7
Warning : Skipping unknown surface 115 in physical surface 1
Warning : Skipping unknown surface 125 in physical surface 3
Warning : Skipping unknown surface 135 in physical surface 5
Warning : Skipping unknown surface 145 in physical surface 7
Warning : Skipping unknown surface 135 in physical surface 5
Warning : Skipping unknown surface 145 in physical surface 7
Warning : Skipping unknown surface 145 in physical surface 7
Info : Removing duplicate mesh nodes...
Info : Found 0 duplicate nodes
Info : No duplicate nodes found
Warning : Skipping unknown surface 115 in physical surface 1
Warning : Skipping unknown surface 125 in physical surface 3
Warning : Skipping unknown surface 135 in physical surface 5
Warning : Skipping unknown surface 145 in physical surface 7
Info : Done reading '<fc-oogmsh>/geodir/2d/condenser11.geo'
Info : Meshing 1D...
Info : [ 0%] Meshing curve 101 (Line)
Info : [ 10%] Meshing curve 102 (Line)
Info : [ 10%] Meshing curve 103 (Line)
Info : [ 10%] Meshing curve 104 (Line)
Info : [ 10%] Meshing curve 106 (Circle)
Info : [ 20%] Meshing curve 107 (Circle)
Info : [ 20%] Meshing curve 108 (Circle)
Info : [ 20%] Meshing curve 109 (Circle)
Info : [ 20%] Meshing curve 111 (Circle)
Info : [ 30%] Meshing curve 112 (Circle)
Info : [ 30%] Meshing curve 113 (Circle)
Info : [ 30%] Meshing curve 114 (Circle)
Info : [ 30%] Meshing curve 116 (Circle)
Info : [ 40%] Meshing curve 117 (Circle)
Info : [ 40%] Meshing curve 118 (Circle)
Info : [ 40%] Meshing curve 119 (Circle)
Info : [ 40%] Meshing curve 121 (Circle)
Info : [ 50%] Meshing curve 122 (Circle)
Info : [ 50%] Meshing curve 123 (Circle)
Info : [ 50%] Meshing curve 124 (Circle)
Info : [ 50%] Meshing curve 126 (Circle)
Info : [ 60%] Meshing curve 127 (Circle)
Info : [ 60%] Meshing curve 128 (Circle)
Info : [ 60%] Meshing curve 129 (Circle)
Info : [ 60%] Meshing curve 131 (Circle)
Info : [ 70%] Meshing curve 132 (Circle)
Info : [ 70%] Meshing curve 133 (Circle)
Info : [ 70%] Meshing curve 134 (Circle)
Info : [ 70%] Meshing curve 136 (Circle)
Info : [ 80%] Meshing curve 137 (Circle)
Info : [ 80%] Meshing curve 138 (Circle)
Info : [ 80%] Meshing curve 139 (Circle)
Info : [ 80%] Meshing curve 141 (Circle)
Info : [ 90%] Meshing curve 142 (Circle)
Info : [ 90%] Meshing curve 143 (Circle)
Info : [ 90%] Meshing curve 144 (Circle)
Info : [ 90%] Meshing curve 146 (Circle)
Info : [100%] Meshing curve 147 (Circle)
Info : [100%] Meshing curve 148 (Circle)
Info : [100%] Meshing curve 149 (Circle)
Info : Done meshing 1D (Wall 0.0106941s, CPU 0.033143s)
Info : Meshing 2D...
Info : [ 0%] Meshing surface 105 (Plane, MeshAdapt)
Info : [ 20%] Meshing surface 110 (Plane, MeshAdapt)
Info : [ 40%] Meshing surface 120 (Plane, MeshAdapt)
Info : [ 50%] Meshing surface 130 (Plane, MeshAdapt)
Info : [ 70%] Meshing surface 140 (Plane, MeshAdapt)
Info : [ 90%] Meshing surface 150 (Plane, MeshAdapt)
Info : Done meshing 2D (Wall 0.222733s, CPU 0.358376s)
Info : 3236 nodes 6605 elements
Info : Writing '<fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25.msh'...
Info : Done writing '<fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25.msh'
Info : Stopped on Wed Dec 21 12:43:15 2022 (From start: Wall 0.261739s, CPU 0.429871s)
```

3.2

function `fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh3d`

This function uses `gmsh` and a `.geo` file (describing a 3D-geometry) to generate a 3D-mesh. See function `gmsh.buildmesh2d` for usage and options (section 3.1).

3.3 function `fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh3ds`

This function uses `gmsh` and a `.geo` file (describing a 3D surface geometry or a 3D-geometry) to generate a 3D surface mesh. See function `gmsh.buildmesh2d` for usage and options (section 3.1).

3.4 function `fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildpartmesh2d`

This function uses `gmsh` and a `.msh` file (containing a 2D-mesh) to generate a 2D partitioned mesh.

Syntaxe

```
partmeshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildpartmesh2d(meshfile,np)  
partmeshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildpartmesh2d(meshfile,np,Name,Value)
```

Description

`partmeshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildpartmesh2d(meshfile,np)` create a 2D partitioned mesh using `gmsh` and the `msh` file `meshfile` (with path). The integer `np` is the number of partitions.
As output return a file name (with full path) corresponding to the partitioned mesh generated by `gmsh`. The output file name is construct as following : <meshfile without extension>-part<np>.msh

`partmeshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildpartmesh2d(meshfile,np,Name,Value,...)` specifies function options using one or more `Name,Value` pair arguments. The `Name` options can be

- '`savedir`' : to specify the directory where the partitioned mesh file will be written,
- '`check`' : to perform various consistency checks on mesh with `gmsh`, if `Value` is `true`. (default : `false`)
- '`force`' : to force meshing even if the mesh file already exists if `Value` is `true` (default : `false`)
- '`verbose`' : to specify the degree of verbosity (0, silence; 2, default; ...)
- '`strings`' : cells array of strings corresponding to `gmsh` options given with `-string "..."` (default empty) (see `gmsh` documentation)
- '`MshFileVersion`' : to specify the MSH file format version. `Value` could be
 - '`2.2`' if gmsh version $\geq 2.16.0$,
 - '`4.0`' if gmsh version $\geq 4.0.0$,
 - '`4.1`' if gmsh version $\geq 4.1.0$.

Examples

Matlab code with output

```
meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh2d('condenser11',25,'verbose',0);  
pmfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildpartmesh2d(meshfile,5,'force',true);
```

```
[fc-oogmsh] Input file : <fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25.msh  
[fc-oogmsh] Starting building mesh <fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25-part5.msh with gmsh 4.11.0  
[fc-oogmsh] Using command : gmsh -2 -part 5 -string "Mesh.MeshFileVersion=4.1;" -saveall <fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25.msh -o ...  
<fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25-part5.msh  
Be patient...  
[fc-oogmsh] Using gmsh 4.11.0 to write MSH file format version 4.1 in <fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25-part5.msh
```

Matlab code with output

```
meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh2d('condenser11',25,'verbose',0);
pmyfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildpartmesh2d(meshfile,5,'force',true,'verbose',4,...  
'strings',{ 'Mesh.MetisAlgorithm=3;' });

[fc-oogmsh] Input file : <fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25.msh
[fc-oogmsh] Overwriting mesh file <fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25-part5.msh
[fc-oogmsh] Starting building mesh <fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25-part5.msh with gmsh 4.11.0
[fc-oogmsh] Using command : '/home/cuvelier/Travail/Recherche/Matlab/fc-config/build/tmpdir/packages/fc_oogmsh-0.2.4/meshes/condenser11-25.msh' -o ...
  '/home/cuvelier/Travail/Recherche/Matlab/fc-config/build/tmpdir/packages/fc_oogmsh-0.2.4/meshes/condenser11-25-part5.msh'
Be patient...
[fc-oogmsh] Starting building mesh <fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25-part5.msh with gmsh 4.11.0
[fc-oogmsh] Using command : gmsh -2 -2 -5 -string "Mesh.MetisAlgorithm=3;Mesh.MeshFileVersion=4.1;" -saveall <fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25.msh -o ...
  <fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25-part5.msh
Be patient...
[fc-oogmsh] gmsh output :
Info : Running '/home/cuvelier/bin/gmsh -2 -part 5 -string Mesh.MetisAlgorithm=3;Mesh.MeshFileVersion=4.1; -saveall <fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25.msh -o ...
  <fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25-part5.msh' [Gmsh 4.11.0, 1 node, max. 1 thread]
Info : Started on Wed Dec 21 12:43:37 2022
Info : Reading '<fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25.msh'...
Info : 95 entities
Info : 3227 nodes
Info : 6554 elements
Info : Done reading '<fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25.msh'
Info : Meshing 1D...
Info : Done meshing 1D (Wall 6.7828e-05s, CPU 0.000129s)
Info : Meshing 2D...
Info : Done meshing 2D (Wall 4.1839e-05s, CPU 7.7e-05s)
Info : 3236 nodes 6605 elements
Info : Partitioning mesh...
Info : Running METIS with npart=5, sizeof(idx_t):64, ptype:default, ufactor:default, ctype:shem, rtype:greedy, objtype:cut, minconn:default
Info : 5 partitions, 156 total edge-cuts
Info : Done partitioning mesh (Wall 0.0174086s, CPU 0.030171s)
Info : - Repartition of 49 points: 5(min) 22(max) 9.8(avg)
Info : - Repartition of 360 lines: 62(min) 92(max) 72(avg)
Info : - Repartition of 6196 triangles: 1239(min) 1240(max) 1239.2(avg)
Info : Creating partition topology...
Info : - Creating partition curves
Info : - Creating partition points
Info : Done creating partition topology (Wall 0.00285846s, CPU 0.017419s)
Info : Writing '<fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25-part5.msh'...
Info : Done writing '<fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25-part5.msh'
Info : Stopped on Wed Dec 21 12:43:37 2022 (From start: Wall 0.0753202s, CPU 0.141083s)

[fc-oogmsh] Using gmsh 4.11.0 to write MSH file format version 4.1 in <fc-oogmsh>/meshes/condenser11-25-part5.msh
```

3.5 function `fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildpartmesh3d`

This function uses `gmsh` and a `.msh` file (containing of a 3D-mesh) to generate a 3D partitioned mesh. See function `gmsh.buildpartmesh2d` for usage and options (section 3.4).

3.6 function `fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildpartmesh3ds`

This function uses `gmsh` and a `.msh` file (containing of a 3D surface mesh) to generate a 3D partitioned surface mesh. See function `gmsh.buildpartmesh2d` for usage and options (section 3.4).

3.7 function `fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildPartRectangle`

This function uses `gmsh` and the `geodir/rectanglepart.geo` file to generate a 2D regular partitioned mesh of the rectangle $[0, L_x] \times [0, L_y]$ with $N_x \times N_y$ partitions.

Syntaxe

```
meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildpartrectangle(Lx,Ly,Nx,Ny,N)
meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildpartrectangle(Lx,Ly,Nx,Ny,N, Name, Value)
```

Description

`meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildpartrectangle(Lx,Ly,Nx,Ny,N)` create a 2D regular partitioned mesh using `gmsh` of the rectangle $[0, L_x] \times [0, L_y]$ with $N_x \times N_y$ partitions. The `N` parameter is passed to `gmsh` to set the prescribed mesh element size at the points
As output return a file name (with full path) corresponding to the partitioned mesh generated by `gmsh`. The default output file name is construct as following :

```
sprintf('rectanglepart-Lx%.3f-Ly%.3f-Nx%d-Ny%d-N%d.msh',Lx,Ly,Nx,Ny,N)
```

`meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildpartrectangle(Lx,Ly,Nx,Ny,N,Name,Value, ...)` specifies function options using one or more `Name,Value` pair arguments (see the `fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh2d`, section 3.1).

Examples All the following examples ...

Matlab code with output

```
pmfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildpartrectangle(1,1,3,2,100,'force',true);
```

```
[fc-oogmsh] Input file : <fc-oogmsh>/geodir/2d/rectanglepart.geo
[fc-oogmsh] Starting building mesh <fc-oogmsh>/meshes/rectanglepart-Lx1.000-Ly1.000-Nx3-Ny2-N100.msh with gmsh 4.11.0
[fc-oogmsh] Using command : gmsh -2 -string "Mesh.MeshFileVersion=4.1;" -setnumber N 100 -setnumber NX 3 -setnumber NY 2 -setnumber LX 1 -setnumber LY 1 ...
->fc-oogmsh>/geodir/2d/rectanglepart.geo -o <fc-oogmsh>/meshes/rectanglepart-Lx1.000-Ly1.000-Nx3-Ny2-N100.msh
Be patient...
[fc-oogmsh] Using gmsh 4.11.0 to write MSH file format version 4.1 in <fc-oogmsh>/meshes/rectanglepart-Lx1.000-Ly1.000-Nx3-Ny2-N100.msh
```

Matlab code with output

```
pmfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildpartrectangle(1,1,3,2,100,'verbose',4, ...
'force',true,'meshfile','./toto.msh');
```

```
[fc-oogmsh] Input file : <fc-oogmsh>/geodir/2d/rectanglepart.geo
[fc-oogmsh] Starting building mesh ./toto.msh with gmsh 4.11.0
[fc-oogmsh] Using command : /home/cuvelier/bin/gmsh -2 -string "Mesh.MeshFileVersion=4.1;" -setnumber N 100 -setnumber NX 3 -setnumber NY 2 -setnumber LX 1 ...
->fc-oogmsh>/geodir/2d/rectanglepart.geo -o ./toto.msh
Be patient...
[fc-oogmsh] Starting building mesh ./toto.msh with gmsh 4.11.0
[fc-oogmsh] Using command : gmsh -2 -string "Mesh.MeshFileVersion=4.1;" -setnumber N 100 -setnumber NX 3 -setnumber NY 2 -setnumber LX 1 -setnumber LY 1 ...
->fc-oogmsh>/geodir/2d/rectanglepart.geo -o ./toto.msh
Be patient...
[fc-oogmsh] gmsh output :
Info : Running '/home/cuvelier/bin/gmsh -2 -string Mesh.MeshFileVersion=4.1; -setnumber N 100 -setnumber NX 3 -setnumber NY 2 -setnumber LX 1 -setnumber LY 1 ...
->fc-oogmsh>/geodir/2d/rectanglepart.geo -o ./toto.msh' [Gmsh 4.11.0, 1 node, max. 1 thread]
Info : Started on Wed Dec 21 12:44:00 2022
Info : Reading '<fc-oogmsh>/geodir/2d/rectanglepart.geo'...
Info : Reading '<fc-oogmsh>/geodir/2d/partitions01_data.geo'...
Info : Done reading '<fc-oogmsh>/geodir/2d/partitions01_data.geo'
Info : Reading '<fc-oogmsh>/geodir/2d/partitions_shape.geo'...
Info : Done reading '<fc-oogmsh>/geodir/2d/partitions_shape.geo'
Info : Done reading '<fc-oogmsh>/geodir/2d/rectanglepart.geo'
Info : Meshing 1D...
Info : [ 0%] Meshing curve 1 (Line)
Info : [ 10%] Meshing curve 2 (Line)
Info : [ 20%] Meshing curve 3 (Line)
Info : [ 20%] Meshing curve 4 (Line)
Info : [ 30%] Meshing curve 5 (Line)
Info : [ 30%] Meshing curve 6 (Line)
Info : [ 40%] Meshing curve 7 (Line)
Info : [ 50%] Meshing curve 8 (Line)
Info : [ 50%] Meshing curve 9 (Line)
Info : [ 60%] Meshing curve 10 (Line)
Info : [ 60%] Meshing curve 11 (Line)
Info : [ 70%] Meshing curve 12 (Line)
Info : [ 80%] Meshing curve 13 (Line)
Info : [ 80%] Meshing curve 14 (Line)
Info : [ 90%] Meshing curve 15 (Line)
Info : [ 90%] Meshing curve 16 (Line)
Info : [100%] Meshing curve 17 (Line)
Info : Done meshing 1D (Wall 0.00298652s, CPU 0.00810is)
Info : Meshing 2D...
Info : [ 0%] Meshing surface 19 (Plane, Frontal-Delaunay)
Info : [ 20%] Meshing surface 21 (Plane, Frontal-Delaunay)
Info : [ 40%] Meshing surface 23 (Plane, Frontal-Delaunay)
Info : [ 50%] Meshing surface 25 (Plane, Frontal-Delaunay)
Info : [ 70%] Meshing surface 27 (Plane, Frontal-Delaunay)
Info : [ 90%] Meshing surface 29 (Plane, Frontal-Delaunay)
Info : Done meshing 2D (Wall 0.525289s, CPU 0.663312s)
Info : 12087 nodes 24486 elements
Info : Writing './toto.msh'...
Info : Done writing './toto.msh'
Info : Stopped on Wed Dec 21 12:44:00 2022 (From start: Wall 0.593461s, CPU 0.748516s)

[fc-oogmsh] Using gmsh 4.11.0 to write MSH file format version 4.1 in ./toto.msh
```

4 ooGmsh4 class (version 4.x)

The `ooGMSH4` class can be used to read `gmsh` mesh files with the MSH ASCII file format version 4.1 since `gmsh 4.1.0` ([4], section 9.1) or version 4.0 since `gmsh 4.0.0`.

The `gmsh`'s native "MSH" file format (version 4.x) is used to store meshes and associated post-processing datasets either save as an ASCII file or a binary file with extension `.msh`. The focus of the `ooGMSH4` class is to read only meshes contained in an ASCII file. Currently, it is not planned to read post-processing datasets.

As described in [4], section 9.1: *the MSH file format version 4 (current revision: version 4.1) contains one mandatory section giving information about the file (\$MeshFormat), followed by several optional sections defining the physical group names (\$PhysicalName), the elementary geometrical enti-*

ties (\$Entities), the partitioned entities (\$PartitionedEntities), the nodes \$Nodes), the elements (\$Elements), the periodicity relations (\$Periodic), the ghost elements (\$GhostElements) and the post-processing datasets (\$NodeData, \$ElementData, \$ElementNodeData).

For each section, the `ooGMSH4` class has a property with corresponding name. The properties of this class are:

Properties of <code>ooGMSH4</code> class	
<code>dim</code>	: space dimension (2 or 3)
<code>nq</code>	: number of nodes/vertices.
<code>q</code>	: nodes/vertices array with dimension <code>dim</code> -by- <code>nq</code> .
<code>toGlobal</code>	: ...
<code>MeshFormat</code>	: structure
<code>PhysicalNames</code>	: (optional), array of <code>PhysicalName</code> structure
<code>Entities</code>	: structure
<code>PartitionedEntities</code>	: (optional) structure
<code>Nodes</code>	: structure
<code>Elements</code>	: structure
<code>PeriodicLinks</code>	: (optional), array of <code>PeriodicLink</code> structure

The structures `MeshFormat`, `PhysicalNames`, `Entities`, `PartitionedEntities`, `Nodes`, `Elements` and `PeriodicLinks` are described in section 4.2. In the following subsections, `Gh` is an `ooGmsh4` object.

4.1 Methods

4.1.1 `ooGms4` constructor

The `ooGmsh4` class have only one constructor :

```
Gh=fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh4(meshfile)
Gh=fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh4(meshfile, 'verbosity', Value)
```

where `meshfile` is the name of ... a mesh file. The '`verbosity`' Key/Value option can be used to print some informations, when reading the file `meshfile`, if `Value` is `true`. Default is `false`

Matlab code with output

```

fprintf('1) Building the mesh\n')
meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh2d('condenser',10, ...
    'verbose',0,'force',true);
fprintf('2) Reading the mesh\n');
Gh = fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh4(meshfile,'verbose',true);
fprintf('-> Gh is an ooGmsh4 object containing a MSH file version ... %s\n',Gh.MeshFormat.version)
fprintf('3) Displaying Gh\n');
Gh

1) Building the mesh
2) Reading the mesh
Optional string "$PhysicalNames" not found
Reading $Entities section seem OK
Optional string "$PartitionedEntities" not found
Reading $Nodes section seem OK
Reading $Elements section seem OK
Optional string "$Periodic" not found
-> Gh is an ooGmsh4 object containing a MSH file version 4.1
3) Displaying Gh

Gh =

```

`fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh4 with properties:`

- `q: (2x8162 double)`
- `nq: 8162 double`
- `dim: 2 double`
- `d: 2 double`
- `toGlobal: (ix8162 double)`
- `meshfile: (ix110 char)`
- `partitionedfile: 0 logical`
- `MeshFormat: (ix1 struct)`
- `PhysicalNames: []`
- `Entities: (ix1 struct)`
- `PartitionedEntities: []`
- `Nodes: (ix1 struct)`
- `Elements: (ix1 struct)`
- `PeriodicLinks: []`
- `Info: (ix1 struct)`
- `orders: 1 double`

4.1.2 **info** method

<code>info(Gh)</code>
<code>Gh.info()</code>
<code>Gh.info(Key, Value, ...)</code>

Description

`Gh.info()`

print informations on class fields with 3 levels of recursivity (i.e. field of field of field).

`Gh.info(Key, Value, ...)`

specifies function options using one or more `Key,Value` pair arguments. The `Key` options can be

- '`maxlevel`' : level of recursivity, default is 3.
- '`tab`' : number of space characters between two levels of recursivity, default is 4.

Matlab code with output

```

meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh2d('condenser',6,'verbose',0,'force',true);
Gh = fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh4(meshfile);
Gh.info('maxlevel',2);

```

```

fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh4 with properties:
[1] q : [2 3036] double
[1] nq : [1 1] double
[1] dim : [1 1] double
[1] d : [1 1] double
[1] toGlobal : [1 3036] double
[1] meshfile : [1 109] char
[1] partitionedfile : [1 1] logical
[1] MeshFormat : [1 1] struct
[2] version : [1 3] char
[2] file_type : [1 1] double
[2] data_size : [1 1] double
[1] PhysicalNames : [0 0] double
[1] Entities : [1 1] struct
[2] numPoints : [1 1] double
[2] Points : [1 1] struct
[2] numCurves : [1 1] double
[2] Curves : [1 10] struct
[2] numSurfaces : [1 1] double
[2] Surfaces : [1 1] struct
[2] numVolumes : [1 1] double
[2] Volumes : [1 1] struct
[1] PartitionedEntities : [0 0] double
[1] Nodes : [1 1] struct
[2] numEntityBlocks : [1 1] double
[2] numNodes : [1 1] double
[2] minNodeTag : [1 1] double
[2] maxNodeTag : [1 1] double
[2] EntityBlocks : [1 21] struct
[1] Elements : [1 1] struct
[2] numEntityBlocks : [1 1] double
[2] numElements : [1 1] double
[2] minElementTag : [1 1] double
[2] maxElementTag : [1 1] double
[2] EntityBlocks : [1 19] struct
[2] ElementType : [1 19] double
[1] PeriodicLinks : [0 0] double
[1] Info : [1 1] struct
[2] meshfile : [1 109] char
[1] orders : [1 1] double

```

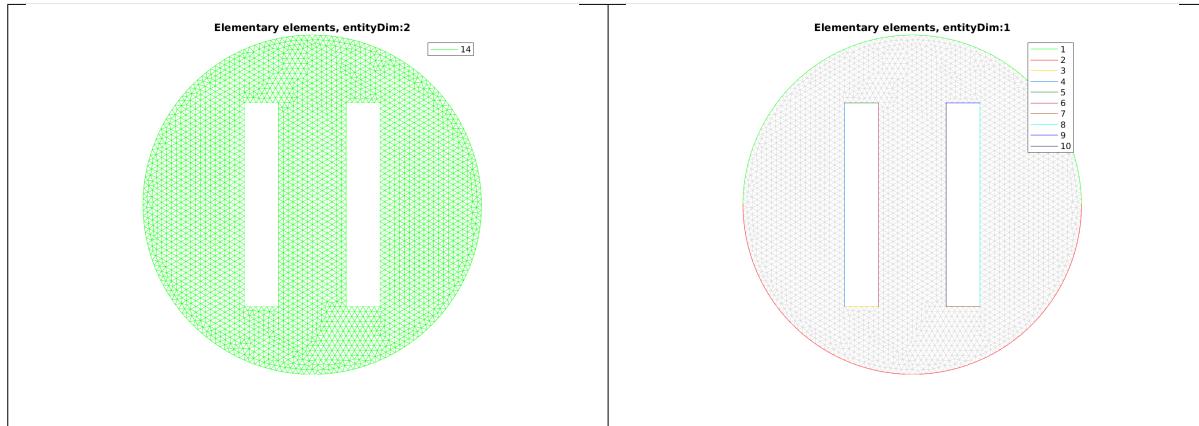


Figure 1: Elementary Tag elements of the geofile condenser.geo

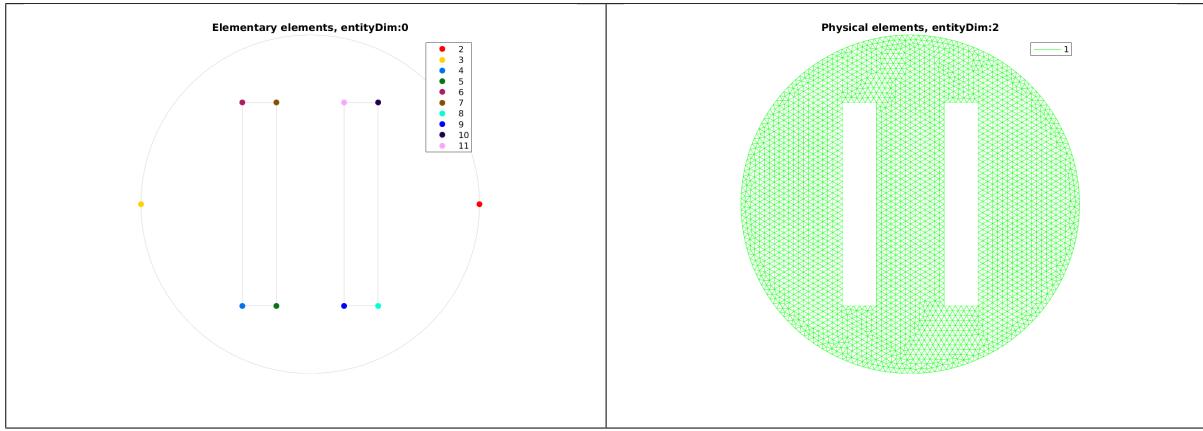


Figure 2: *Physical Tag* elements of the *geofile condenser.geo*

In the *geofile condenser.geo* the *Physical Tags* are created from the *Elementary Tags* as follow

```
...
Physical Line(1) = {1, 2};
Physical Line(98) = {5, 6, 3, 4};
Physical Line(99) = {9, 8, 7, 10};
Physical Surface(1) = {14};
```

4.1.3 `get_ElementaryTags` method

```
eltags=get_ElementaryTags(Gh, EltType)
eltags=Gh.get_ElementaryTags(EltType)
```

Description

```
eltags=Gh.get_ElementaryTags(EltType)
```

returns all the elementary tags associated with elements of type `EltType` as an array with unique elements. `EltType` is described in section ???. For example, `EltType` is 1 for 2-nodes `line` (i.e 1-simplex of order 1), `EltType` is 2 for 3-nodes `triangle` (i.e 2-simplex of order 1) and `EltType` is 4 for 4-nodes `tetrahedron` (i.e 3-simplex of order 1).

Matlab code with output

```
eltags1=Gh.get_ElementaryTags(1)
eltags2=Gh.get_ElementaryTags(2)

eltags1 =
    1     2     3     4     5     6     7     8     9     10

eltags2 =
    14
```

4.1.4 `get_PhysicalTags` method

```
phtags=get_PhysicalTags(Gh, EltType)
phtags=Gh.get_PhysicalTags(EltType)
```

Description

```
phtags=Gh.get_PhysicalTags(EltType)
```

returns all the elementary tags associated with elements of type `EltType` as an array with unique elements.

Matlab code with output

```
phtags1=Gh.get_PhysicalTags(1)
phtags2=Gh.get_PhysicalTags(2)
```

```
phtags1 =
    1    98    99

phtags2 =
    1
```

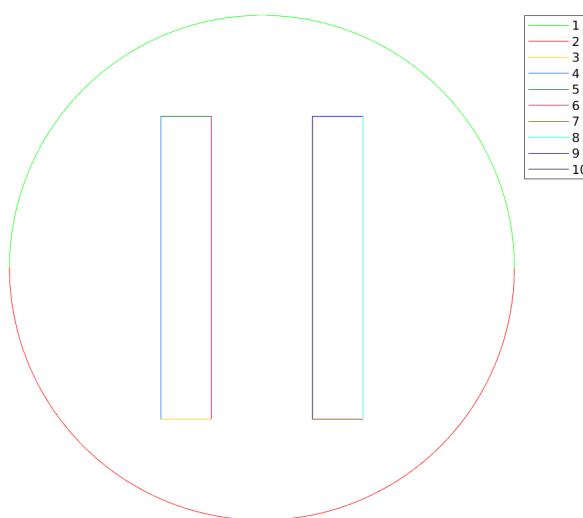
4.1.5 `get_me_ElementaryTag` method

```
me=get_me_ElementaryTag(Gh,EltType,EltTag)
me=Gh.get_me_ElementaryTag(EltType,EltTag)
```

Description

```
me=Gh.get_me_ElementaryTag(EltType,EltTag)
```

returns `me` the connectivity array of mesh elements of type and *elementary tag* given respectively by `EltType` and `EltTag`. This array is associated with the `Gh.q` nodes/vertices array.



```
meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh2d('condenser',6,'verbose',0);
Gh = fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh4(meshfile);
eltags1=Gh.get_ElementaryTags(1);
nl=length(eltags1);
colors = fc_tools.graphics.selectColors(length(eltags1));
figure(1)
hold on
for i=1:nl
    me=Gh.get_me_ElementaryTag(1,eltags1(i));
    h(i)=fc_graphics4mesh.plotmesh(Gh.q,me,'color',colors(i,:));
    clegend{i}=num2str(eltags1(i));
end
legend(h,clegend,'Location','NorthEastOutside','AutoUpdate','off');
axis image;axis off
fc_tools.graphics.SaveAllFigsAsFiles('ooGmsh4_get_me_ElementaryTags', SaveOptions{:})
```

Listing 1: Plot curves mesh elements by using `get_me_ElementaryTags` function

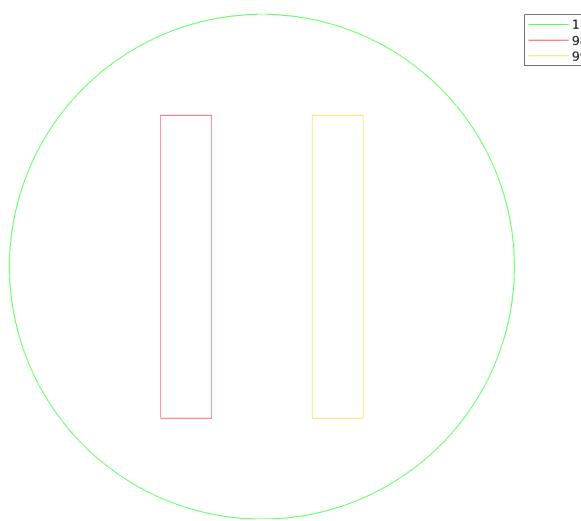
4.1.6 `get_me_PhysicalTag` method

```
me=get_me_PhysicalTag(Gh,EltType,PhyTag)
me=Gh.get_me_PhysicalTag(EltType,PhyTag)
```

Description

`get_me_PhysicalTag(Gh,EltType,PhyTag)`

returns `me` the connectivity array of mesh elements of type and *physical tag* given respectively by `EltType` and `PhyTag`. This array is associated with the `Gh.q` nodes/vertices array.



```
meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh2d('condenser',6,'verbose',0);
Gh = fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh4(meshfile);
phtags1=Gh.get_PhysicalTags(1);
n1=length(phtags1);
colors = fc_tools.graphics.selectColors(length(phtags1));
figure(1)
hold on
for i=1:n1
    me=Gh.get_me_PhysicalTag(1,phtags1(i));
    h(i)=fc_graphics.plotmesh(Gh.q,me,'color',colors(i,:));
    clegend{i}=num2str(phtags1(i));
end
legend(h,clegend,'Location','NorthEastOutside','AutoUpdate','off');
axis image;axis off
fc_tools.graphics.SaveAllFigsAsFiles('ooGmsh4_get_me_PhysicalTags', SaveOptions{:})
```

Listing 2: Plot curves mesh elements by using `get_me_PhysicalTags` function

4.1.7 `get_localmesh_ElementaryTag` method

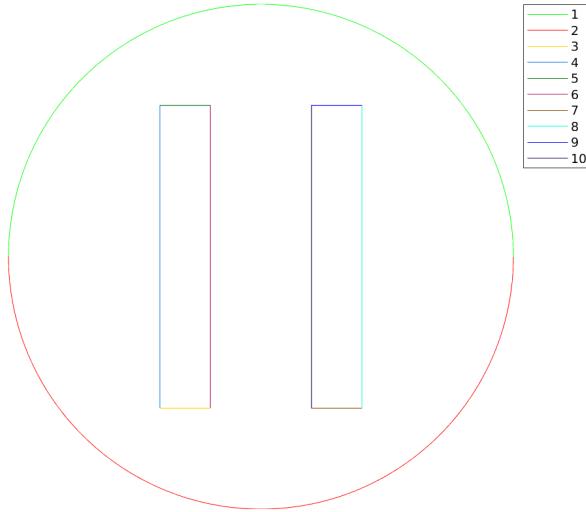
```
[q,me]=Gh.get_localmesh_ElementaryTag(EltType,EltTag)
[q,me,toGlobal]=Gh.get_localmesh_ElementaryTag(EltType,EltTag)
```

`[q,me]=Gh.get_localmesh_ElementaryTag(EltType,EltTag)`

returns the *local* nodes/vertices array `q` and the *local* connectivity array `me` of the element of type `EltType` and with *elementary tag* given by `EltTag`.

`[q,me,toGlobal]=Gh.get_localmesh_ElementaryTag(EltType,EltTag)`

Also returns the *global* tags array `toGlobal` such that `Gh.q(:,toGlobal)` is equal to `q`.



```

meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh2d('condenser',6,'verbose',0);
Gh = fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh4(meshfile);
eltags1=Gh.get_ElementaryTags(1); % 1: 2-nodes line
n1=length(eltags1);
colors = fc_tools.graphics.selectColors(length(eltags1));
figure(1)
hold on
for i=1:n1
    [q,me]=Gh.get_localmesh_ElementaryTag(1,eltags1(i));
    h(i)=fc_graphics4mesh.plotmesh(q,me,'color',colors(i,:));
    clegend{i}=num2str(eltags1(i));
end
legend(h, clegend, 'Location','NorthEastOutside','AutoUpdate','off');
axis image; axis off
fc_tools.graphics.SaveAllFigsAsFiles('ooGmsh4_get_localmesh_ElementaryTag', SaveOptions{:})

```

Listing 3: Plot 2-nodes line mesh elements by using `get_localmesh_ElementaryTag` function

4.1.8 `get_localmesh_PhysicalTag` method

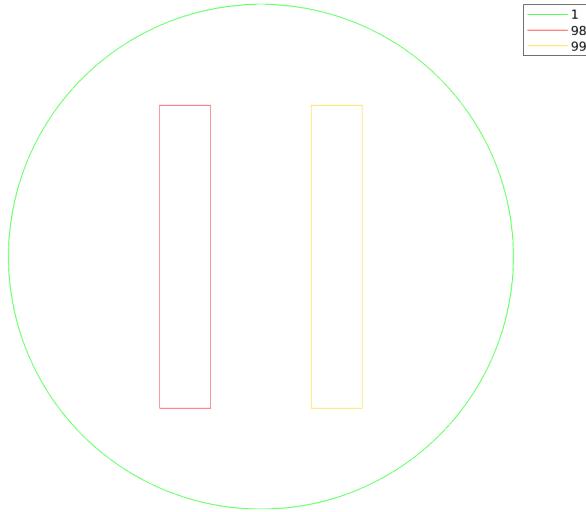
<code>[q,me]=Gh.get_localmesh_PhysicalTag(EltType,PhyTag)</code>
<code>[q,me,toGlobal]=Gh.get_localmesh_PhysicalTag(EltType,PhysicalTag)</code>

<code>[q,me]=Gh.get_localmesh_PhysicalTag(EltType,PhyTag)</code>
--

returns the *local* nodes/vertices array `q` and the *local* connectivity array `me` of the elements of type `EltType` and with `PhyTag` given by `PhysicalTag`.

<code>[q,me,toGlobal]=Gh.get_localmesh_PhysicalTag(EltType,PhyTag)</code>

Also returns the *global* tags array `toGlobal` such that `Gh.q(:,toGlobal)` is equal to `q`.



```

meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh2d('condenser',6,'verbose',0);
Gh = fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh4(meshfile);
phtags1=Gh.get_PhysicalTags(1); % 1: 2-nodes line
n1=length(phtags1);
colors = fc_tools.graphics.selectColors(length(phtags1));
figure(1)
hold on
for i=1:n1
    [q,me]=Gh.get_localmesh_PhysicalTag(1,phtags1(i));
    h(i)=fc_graphics4mesh.plotmesh(q,me,'color',colors(i,:));
    clegend{i}=num2str(phtags1(i));
end
legend(h, clegend, 'Location','NorthEastOutside','AutoUpdate','off');
axis image; axis off
fc_tools.graphics.SaveAllFigsAsFiles('ooGmsh4_get_localmesh_PhysicalTag', SaveOptions{});

```

Listing 4: Plot 2-nodes line mesh elements by using `get_localmesh_PhysicalTag` function

4.2 Description of properties

Fields of `MeshFormat` structure

<code>version</code>	: string, version of the mesh file format.
<code>file_type</code>	: integer, 0 for ASCII mode, 1 for binary mode.
<code>data_size</code>	: integer, <code>sizeof(size_t)</code>

Fields of the (optional) `PhysicalName` structure

<code>dimension</code>	: integer.
<code>physicalTag</code>	: integer.
<code>name</code>	: string



Fields of the **Entities** structure

numPoints	:	integer.
Points	:	array of Point structure.
numCurves	:	integer.
Curves	:	array of Curve structure.
numSurfaces	:	integer.
Surfaces	:	array of Surface structure.
numVolumes	:	integer.
Volumes	:	array of Volume structure.



Fields of (optional) **PartitionedEntities** structure

numPartitions	:	integer.
numGhostEntities	:	integer.
GhostEntities	:	array of structure.
numPoints	:	integer
Points	:	array of structure.
numCurves	:	integer
Curves	:	array of structure.
numSurfaces	:	integer
Surfaces	:	array of structure.
numVolumes	:	integer.
Volumes	:	array of structure.



Fields of **Nodes** structure

numEntityBlocks	:	integer.
numNodes	:	integer.
minNodeTag	:	integer.
maxNodeTag	:	integer
EntityBlocks	:	array of EntityBlock structure.



Fields of **EntityBlocks** structure of **Nodes**

entityDim	:	integer.
entityTag	:	integer.
parametric	:	integer.
numNodes	:	integer.
nodeTags	:	1-by- numNodes array of integer.
Nodes	:	3-by- numNodes array of double.



Fields of **Elements** structure

numEntityBlocks	:	integer.
numElements	:	integer.
minElementTag	:	integer.
maxElementTag	:	integer
EntityBlocks	:	array of EntityBlock structure.
ElementTypes	:	array of .



Fields of EntityBlocks structure of Elements

entityDim	:	integer.
entityTag	:	integer.
elementType	:	integer.
elementDesc	:	structure returned by function <code>gmsh.elm_type_desc(elementType)</code> .
numElementsBlock	:	integer.
nodeTags	:	n -by- <code>numElementsBlock</code> array. n depends of <code>elementType</code> : $n = \text{elementDesc.nb_nodes}$
elementTags	:	1-by- <code>numElementsBlock</code> array



Fields of PeriodicLink

entityDim	:	integer.
entityTag	:	integer.
entityTagMaster	:	integer.
numAffine	:	
values	:	.
numCorrespondingNodes	:	.
nodeTags	:	
nodeTagMasters	:	

4.3 Sample 1

The 2d .geo file `condenser.geo` is used to create a .msh file : `condenser-25.msh`. This .msh file contains only 1 (2-node line) and 2 (3-node triangle) *elm-type*.

Matlab code with output

```
meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh('condenser',25,'verbose',0,'force',true);
Gh = fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh4(meshfile)
```

```
Gh =
fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh4 with properties:
    q: (2x49338 double)
    nq: 49338 double
    dim: 2 double
    d: 2 double
    toGlobal: (1x49338 double)
    meshfile: (1x110 char)
    partitionnedfile: 0 logical
    MeshFormat: (1x1 struct)
    PhysicalNames: []
    Entities: (1x1 struct)
    PartitionedEntities: []
    Nodes: (1x1 struct)
    Elements: (1x1 struct)
    PeriodicLinks: []
    Info: (1x1 struct)
    orders: 1 double
```

4.4 Sample 2

The 3d .geo file `cylinderkey.geo` is used to create a .msh file : `cylinderkey-10.msh`. This .msh file contains 1 (2-node line), 2 (3-node triangle) and 4 (4-node tetrahedron) *elm-type*.

Matlab code with output

```
meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh3d('cylinderkey',10,...  
    'verbose',0,'force',true);  
Gh = fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh4(meshfile)
```

```
Gh =  
  
fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh4 with properties:  
    q: (3x5855 double)  
    nq: 5855 double  
    dim: 3 double  
    d: 3 double  
    toGlobal: (ix5855 double)  
    meshfile: (ix112 char)  
    partitionnedfile: 0 logical  
    MeshFormat: (ix1 struct)  
    PhysicalNames: []  
    Entities: (ix1 struct)  
    PartitionedEntities: []  
        Nodes: (ix1 struct)  
        Elements: (ix1 struct)  
    PeriodicLinks: []  
        Info: (ix1 struct)  
    orders: 1 double
```

4.5 Sample 3

The 3d .geo file *ball8.geo* is used to create a 3d surface .msh file : **ball8-50.msh**. This .msh file contains 1 (2-node line), 2 (3-node triangle) and 15 (1-node point) *elm-type*.

Matlab code with output

```
meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh3ds('ball8',25,'verbose',0,'force',true);  
Gh = fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh4(meshfile)
```

```
Gh =  
  
fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh4 with properties:  
    q: (3x9740 double)  
    nq: 9740 double  
    dim: 3 double  
    d: 3 double  
    toGlobal: (ix9740 double)  
    meshfile: (ix106 char)  
    partitionnedfile: 0 logical  
    MeshFormat: (ix1 struct)  
    PhysicalNames: []  
    Entities: (ix1 struct)  
    PartitionedEntities: []  
        Nodes: (ix1 struct)  
        Elements: (ix1 struct)  
    PeriodicLinks: []  
        Info: (ix1 struct)  
    orders: 1 double
```

5 ooGmsh2 class (version 2.2)

The **ooGMSH2** class can be used to read **gmsh** mesh files with the MSH ASCII file format (version 2.2) described for example in [3], section 9.1. A MSH file can contain various mesh elements which are identified by an *elm-type* integer given in Appendix A. One can also refer to the **fc_oogmsh.gmsh.elm_type_desc** function, described in Appendix B.1, to obtain information on a given *elm-type*.

When reading a MSH file (format 2.2) generated by **gmsh**, we split the mesh elements by *elm-type* and generate an array of **Elmt** structure. The dimension of this array is the number of differents *elm-type* founds on the .msh file.

The **Elmt** structure is given by



Fields of **Elmt** structure

type	: integer, refers to the type of the element : 1 for 2-node line, 2 for 3-node triangle, ... See the <i>elm-type</i> description of [3], section 9.1. Informations on a given type can be obtained by using <code>elt=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.elm_type_desc(type)</code> .
geo	: string, contains the kind of geometry: 'line', 'triangle', 'tetrahedron', ...
d	: integer, space dimension or d -simplex.
order	: integer, order of the element.
nme	: integer, number of mesh elements.
me	: array of nb_nodes -by- nme integers, connectivity array. nb_nodes is equal to <code>elt.nb_nodes</code> where <code>elt=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.elm_type_desc(type)</code> .
phys_lab	: array of nme -by-... integers, physical labels of the elements.
geo_lab	: array of nme -by-... integers, geometrical labels of the elements.
nb_parts	: array of nme -by-1 integers, number of mesh partitions to which the element belongs.
part_lab	: array of nme -by- <code>max(nb_parts)</code> integers, <code>part_lab(i, 1 : nb_parts(i))</code> contains all the partitions index to which the <i>i</i> -th element belongs.

The **ooGmsh2** class was created to store a maximum of(all the) information(s) contained in the .msh file. The properties of this class are:



Properties of **ooGmsh** class

dim	: integer space dimension
n_q	: integer number of vertices/nodes
q	: dim-by- n_q array of reals array of vertex coordinates
types	: array of integers List of the element types found in the mesh file.
orders	: array of integers List of the orders of the element types found in the mesh file.
sElts	: array of Elmt structure One Elmt structure by element type, such that sElts (<i>i</i>) contains all the elements of type types (<i>i</i>) and order orders (<i>i</i>).

5.1 Methods

5.1.1 **ooGmsh2** constructor

The **ooGmsh2** class have only one constructor :

```
Gh=fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh2(meshfile)
```

where meshfile is the name of ... a mesh file

Matlab code with output

```

fprintf('1) Building the mesh\n')
meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh2d('disk3holes',15, ...
    'verbose',0,'force',true,'MshFileVersion','2.2');
fprintf('2) Reading the mesh\n');
Gh = fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh2(meshfile);
fprintf('-> Gh is an ooGmsh2 object containing a MSH file version ...
    %s\n',Gh.MeshFormat.version)
fprintf('3) Displaying Gh\n');
Gh

1) Building the mesh
2) Reading the mesh
-> Gh is an ooGmsh2 object containing a MSH file version 2.2
3) Displaying Gh

Gh =

```

fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh2 with properties:
 q: (2x910 double)
 dim: 2 double
 nq: 910 double
 d: 2 double
 sElts: (2xi struct)
 toGlobal: (ix910 double)
 partitionnedfile: 0 logical
 orders: 1 double
 types: [1 2] (ix2 int32)
 MeshFormat: (ix1 struct)
 meshfile: (ix111 char)
 Info: (ix1 struct)
 debug: (ix1 struct)

5.1.2 **info** method

info(Gh)
Gh.info()
Gh.info(Key, Value, ...)

Description

Gh.info()

print informations on class fields with 3 levels of recursivity (i.e. field of field of field).

Gh.info(Key, Value, ...)

specifies function options using one or more **Key,Value** pair arguments. The **Key** options can be

- '**maxlevel**' : level of recursivity, default is 3.
- '**tab**' : number of space characters between two levels of recursivity, default is 4.

Matlab code with output

```

meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh2d('disk3holes',15,...  

    'verbose',0,'force',true,'MshFileVersion','2.2');  

Gh = fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh2(meshfile);  

Gh.info('maxlevel',2);

```

```

fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh2 with properties:  

[1] q : [2 910] double  

[1] dim : [1 1] double  

[1] nq : [1 1] double  

[1] d : [1 1] double  

[1] sElts : [2 1] struct  

[2] type : [1 1] int32  

[2] geo : [1 4] char  

[2] d : [1 1] double  

[2] order : [1 1] double  

[2] me : [2 146] double  

[2] nme : [1 1] double  

[2] phys_lab : [146 1] double  

[2] geo_lab : [146 1] double  

[2] part_lab : [0 0] double  

[2] nb_parts : [146 1] double  

[1] toGlobal : [1 910] double  

[1] partitionnedfile : [1 1] logical  

[1] orders : [1 1] double  

[1] types : [1 2] int32  

[1] MeshFormat : [1 1] struct  

[2] version : [1 3] char  

[2] file_type : [1 1] double  

[2] data_size : [1 1] double  

[1] meshfile : [1 111] char  

[1] Info : [1 1] struct  

[2] meshfile : [1 111] char  

[1] debug : [1 1] struct  

[2] Mt : [1824 56] int32

```

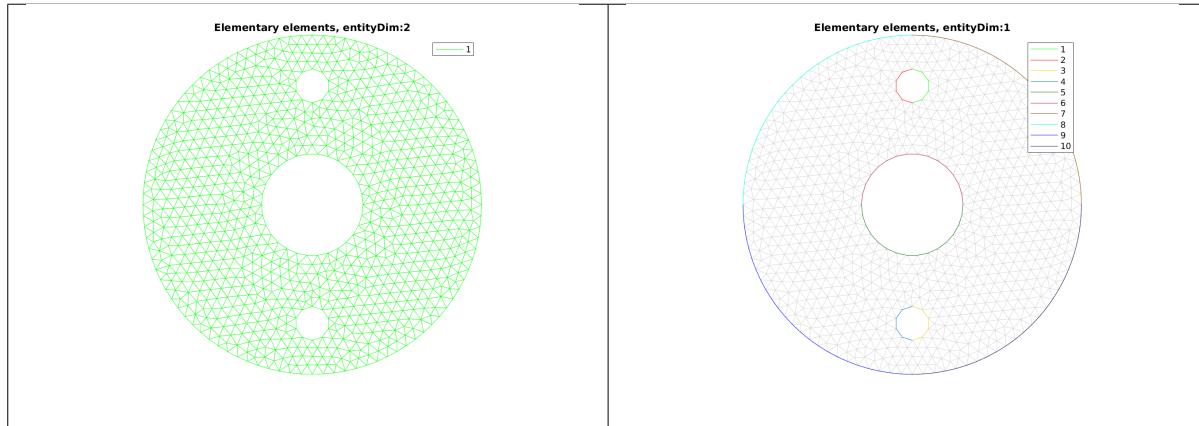


Figure 3: *Elementary Tag* elements of the *geofile* `disk3holes.geo`

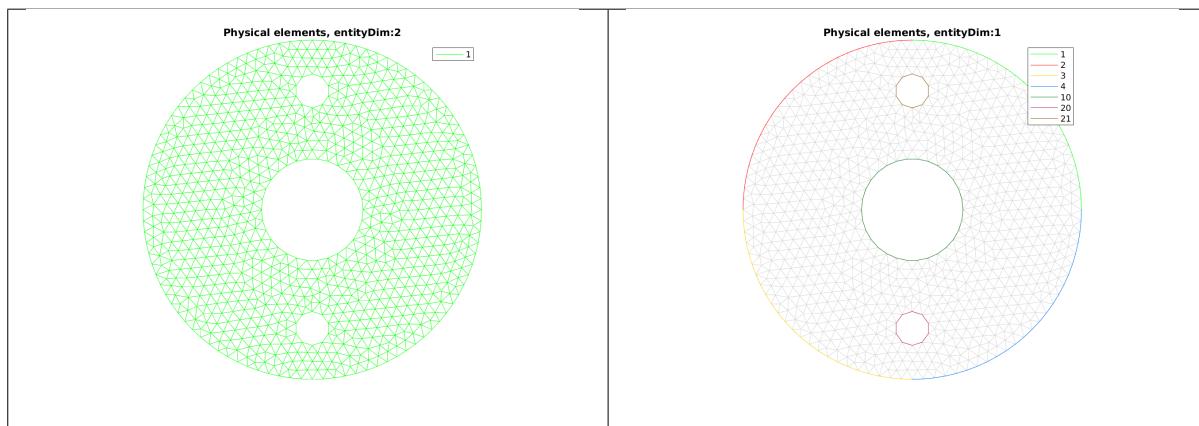


Figure 4: *Physical Tag* elements of the *geofile* `disk3holes.geo`

In the *geofile* `disk3holes.geo` the *Physical Tags* are created from the *Elementary Tags* as follow

```

...
Physical Line(10) = {6, 5};
Physical Line(21) = {2, 1};
Physical Line(20) = {4, 3};
Physical Line(1) = {7};
Physical Line(2) = {8};
Physical Line(3) = {9};
Physical Line(4) = {10};
Physical Surface(1) = {1};

```

5.1.3 `get_ElementaryTags` method

```

eltags=get_ElementaryTags(Gh,EltType)
eltags=Gh.get_ElementaryTags(EltType)

```

Description

`eltags=Gh.get_ElementaryTags(EltType)`

returns all the elementary tags associated with elements of type `EltType` as an array with unique elements. `EltType` is described in Section A. For example, `EltType` is 1 for 2-nodes `line` (i.e 1-simplex of order 1), `EltType` is 2 for 3-nodes `triangle` (i.e 2-simplex of order 1) and `EltType` is 4 for 4-nodes `tetrahedron` (i.e 3-simplex of order 1).

Matlab code with output

```

eltags1=Gh.get_ElementaryTags(1)
eltags2=Gh.get_ElementaryTags(2)

```

```

eltags1 =
1     2     3     4     5     6     7     8     9     10

eltags2 =
1

```

5.1.4 `get_PhysicalTags` method

```

phtags=get_PhysicalTags(Gh,EltType)
phtags=Gh.get_PhysicalTags(EltType)

```

Description

`phtags=Gh.get_PhysicalTags(EltType)`

returns all the physical tags associated with elements of type `EltType` as an array with unique elements. `EltType` is described in Section A.

Matlab code with output

```

phtags1=Gh.get_PhysicalTags(1)
phtags2=Gh.get_PhysicalTags(2)

```

```

phtags1 =
1     2     3     4    10    20    21

phtags2 =
1

```

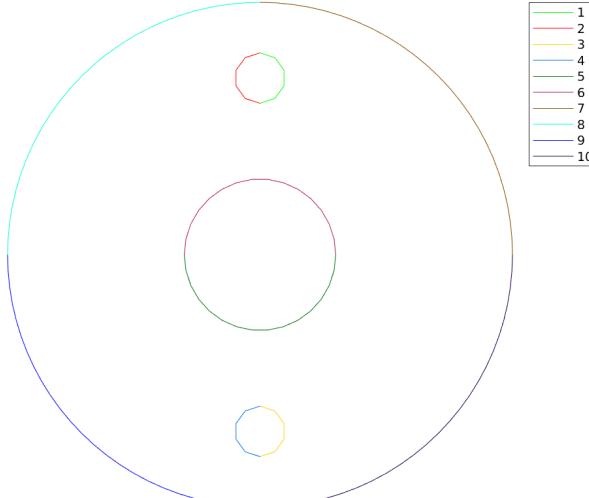
5.1.5 `get_me_ElementaryTag` method

```
me=get_me_ElementaryTag(Gh,EltType,EltTag)
me=Gh.get_me_ElementaryTag(EltType,EltTag)
```

Description

`me=Gh.get_me_ElementaryTag(EltType,EltTag)`

returns `me` the connectivity array of mesh elements of type and *elementary tag* given respectively by `EltType` and `EltTag`. This array is associated with the `Gh.q` nodes/vertices array.



```
meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh2d('disk3holes',15,'verbose',0,'force',true,'MshFileVersion','2.2');
Gh = fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh2(meshfile);
eltags1=Gh.get_ElementaryTags(1);
n1=length(eltags1);
colors = fc_tools.graphics.selectColors(length(eltags1));
figure(1)
hold on
for i=1:n1
    me=Gh.get_me_ElementaryTag(1,eltags1(i));
    h(i)=fc_graphics4mesh.plotmesh(Gh.q,me,'color',colors(i,:));
    clegend{i}=num2str(eltags1(i));
end
legend(h,clegend,'Location','NorthEastOutside','AutoUpdate','off');
axis image;axis off
fc_tools.graphics.SaveAllFigsAsFiles('ooGmsh2_get_me_ElementaryTags', SaveOptions{:})
```

Listing 5: Plot curves mesh elements by using `get_me_ElementaryTags` function

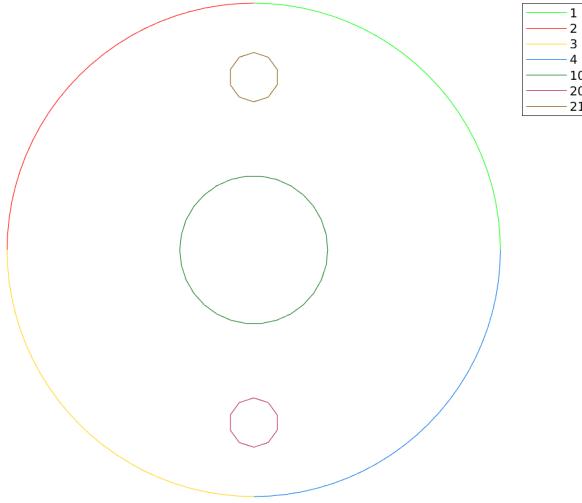
5.1.6 `get_me_PhysicalTag` method

```
me=get_me_PhysicalTag(Gh,EltType,PhysicalTag)
me=Gh.get_me_PhysicalTag(EltType,PhysicalTag)
```

Description

`get_me_PhysicalTag(Gh,EltType,PhysicalTag)`

returns `me` the connectivity array of mesh elements of type and *physical tag* given respectively by `EltType` and `PhysicalTag`.



```

meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh2d('disk3holes',15,'verbose',0,'force',true,'MshFileVersion','2.2');
Gh = fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh2(meshfile);
phtags1=Gh.get_PhysicalTags(1);
n1=length(phtags1);
colors = fc_tools.graphics.selectColors(length(phtags1));
figure(1)
hold on
for i=1:n1
    me=Gh.get_me_PhysicalTag(1,phtags1(i));
    h(i)=fc_graphics4mesh.plotmesh(Gh.q,me,'color',colors(i,:));
    clegend{i}=num2str(phtags1(i));
end
legend(h, clegend, 'Location','NorthEastOutside','AutoUpdate','off');
axis image; axis off
fc_tools.graphics.SaveAllFigsAsFiles('ooGmsh2_get_me_PhysicalTags', SaveOptions{});

```

Listing 6: Plot curves mesh elements by using `get_me_PhysicalTags` function

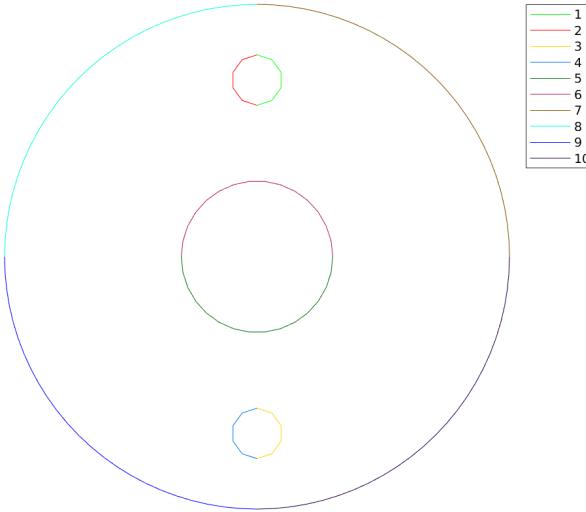
5.1.7 `get_localmesh_ElementaryTag` method

<code>[q,me]=Gh.get_localmesh_ElementaryTag(EltType,EltTag)</code>
<code>[q,me,toGlobal]=Gh.get_localmesh_ElementaryTag(EltType,EltTag)</code>

`[q,me]=Gh.get_localmesh_ElementaryTag(EltType,EltTag)`
 returns the *local* nodes/vertices array `q` and the *local* connectivity array `me` of the element of type `EltType` and with *elementary tag* given by `EltTag`.

<code>[q,me,toGlobal]=Gh.get_localmesh_ElementaryTag(EltType,EltTag)</code>

Also returns the *global* tags array `toGlobal` such that `Gh.q(:,toGlobal)` is equal to `q`.



```

meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh2d('disk3holes',15,'verbose',0,'force',true,'MshFileVersion','2.2');
Gh = fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh2(meshfile);
eltags1=Gh.get_ElementaryTags(1);
n1=length(eltags1);
colors = fc_tools.graphics.selectColors(length(eltags1));
figure(1)
hold on
for i=1:n1
    [q,me]=Gh.get_localmesh_ElementaryTag(1,eltags1(i));
    h(i)=fc_graphics4mesh.plotmesh(q,me,'color',colors(i,:));
    clegend{i}=num2str(eltags1(i));
end
legend(h,clegend,'Location','NorthEastOutside','AutoUpdate','off');
axis image;axis off
fc_tools.graphics.SaveAllFigsAsFiles('ooGmsh2_get_localmesh_ElementaryTag', SaveOptions{:})

```

Listing 7: Plot curves mesh elements by using `get_localmesh_ElementaryTag` function

5.1.8 `get_localmesh_PhysicalTag` method

```

[q,me]=Gh.get_localmesh_PhysicalTag(EltType,PhysicalTag)
[q,me,toGlobal]=Gh.get_localmesh_PhysicalTag(EltType,PhysicalTag)

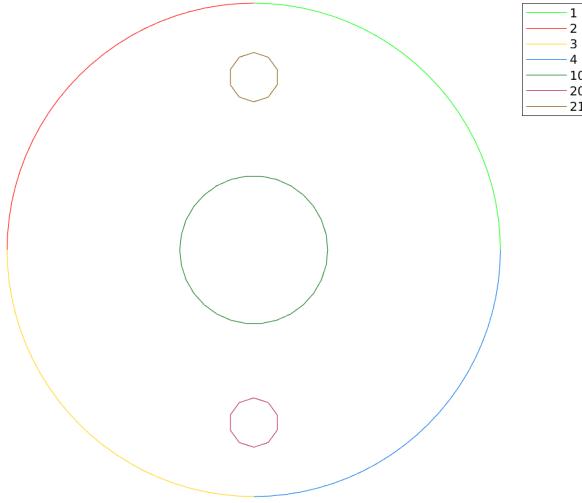
```

`[q,me]=Gh.get_localmesh_PhysicalTag(EltType,PhysicalTag)`

returns the *local* nodes/vertices array `q` and the *local* connectivity array `me` of the elements of type `EltType` and with *PhysicalTag* given by `PhysicalTag`.

`[q,me,toGlobal]=Gh.get_localmesh_PhysicalTag(EltType,PhysicalTag)`

Also returns the *global* tags array `toGlobal` such that `Gh.q(:,toGlobal)` is equal to `q`.



```

meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh2d('disk3holes',15,'verbose',0,'force',true,'MshFileVersion','2.2');
Gh = fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh2(meshfile);
phtags1=Gh.get_PhysicalTags(1);
n1=length(phtags1);
colors = fc_tools.graphics.selectColors(length(phtags1));
figure(1)
hold on
for i=1:n1
    [q,me]=Gh.getLocalmesh_PhysicalTag(1,phtags1(i));
    h(i)=fc_graphics4mesh.plotmesh(q,me,'color',colors(i,:));
    clegend{i}=num2str(phtags1(i));
end
legend(h,clegend,'Location','NorthEastOutside','AutoUpdate','off');
axis image;axis off
fc_tools.graphics.WriteAllFigsAsFiles('ooGmsh2_get_localmesh_PhysicalTag', SaveOptions{});

```

Listing 8: Plot curves mesh elements by using `get_localmesh_PhysicalTag` function

5.2 Sample 1

The 2d .geo file `condenser.geo` is used to create a .msh file : `condenser-25.msh`. This .msh file contains only 1 (2-node line) and 2 (3-node triangle) *elm-type*.

Matlab code with output

```

meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh('condenser',25,'verbose',0, ...
    'force',true,'MshFileVersion','2.2');
Gh = fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh2(meshfile)

Gh =
    fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh2 with properties:
        q: (2x49338 double)
        dim: 2 double
        nq: 49338 double
        d: 2 double
        sEts: (3x1 struct)
        toGlobal: (ix49338 double)
    partitionnedfile: 0 logical
    orders: 1 double
    types: [ 1 2 15 ] (ix3 int32)
    MeshFormat: (ix1 struct)
    meshfile: (ix10 char)
    Info: (ix1 struct)
    debug: (ix1 struct)

```

5.3 Sample 2

The 3d .geo file `cylinderkey.geo` is used to create a .msh file : `cylinderkey-10.msh`. This .msh file contains 1 (2-node line), 2 (3-node triangle) and 4 (4-node tetrahedron) *elm-type*.

Matlab code with output

```
meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh3d('cylinderkey',10,'verbose',0,...  
'force',true,'MshFileVersion','2.2');  
Gh = fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh2(meshfile)
```

```
Gh =  
  
fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh2 with properties:  
    q: (3x5855 double)  
    dim: 3 double  
    nq: 5855 double  
    d: 3 double  
    sElts: (3xi struct)  
    toGlobal: (ix5855 double)  
partitionnedfile: 0 logical  
    orders: 1 double  
    types: [ 1 2 4 ] (ix3 int32)  
MeshFormat: (ix1 struct)  
meshfile: (ix1i12 char)  
    Info: (ix1 struct)  
    debug: (ix1 struct)
```

5.4 Sample 3

The 3d .geo file *ball8.geo* is used to create a 3d surface .msh file : **ball8-50.msh**. This .msh file contains 1 (2-node line), 2 (3-node triangle) and 15 (1-node point) *elm-type*.

Matlab code with output

```
meshfile=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildmesh3ds('ball8',50,'verbose',0,...  
'force',true,'MshFileVersion','2.2');  
Gh = fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh2(meshfile)
```

```
Gh =  
  
fc_oogmsh.ooGmsh2 with properties:  
    q: (3x37799 double)  
    dim: 3 double  
    nq: 37799 double  
    d: 2 double  
    sElts: (3xi struct)  
    toGlobal: (ix37799 double)  
partitionnedfile: 0 logical  
    orders: 1 double  
    types: [ 1 2 15 ] (ix3 int32)  
MeshFormat: (ix1 struct)  
meshfile: (ix1o6 char)  
    Info: (ix1 struct)  
    debug: (ix1 struct)
```

A Element type

In a .msh file the kind of mesh elements are identified by their *elm-type* integer values :

Table 1:

elm-type	description
1	2-node line
2	3-node triangle
3	4-node quadrangle
4	4-node tetrahedron
5	8-node hexahedron
6	6-node prism
7	5-node pyramid

Continued on next page

Table 1: (Continued)

8	3-node second order line (2 nodes associated with the vertices and 1 with the edge)
9	6-node second order triangle (3 nodes associated with the vertices and 3 with the edges)
10	9-node second order quadrangle (4 nodes associated with the vertices, 4 with the edges and 1 with the face)
11	10-node second order tetrahedron (4 nodes associated with the vertices and 6 with the edges)
12	27-node second order hexahedron (8 nodes associated with the vertices, 12 with the edges, 6 with the faces and 1 with the volume)
13	18-node second order prism (6 nodes associated with the vertices, 9 with the edges and 3 with the quadrangular faces)
14	14-node second order pyramid (5 nodes associated with the vertices, 8 with the edges and 1 with the quadrangular face)
15	1-node point
16	8-node second order quadrangle (4 nodes associated with the vertices and 4 with the edges)
17	20-node second order hexahedron (8 nodes associated with the vertices and 12 with the edges)
18	15-node second order prism (6 nodes associated with the vertices and 9 with the edges)
19	13-node second order pyramid (5 nodes associated with the vertices and 8 with the edges)
20	9-node third order incomplete triangle (3 nodes associated with the vertices, 6 with the edges)
21	10-node third order triangle (3 nodes associated with the vertices, 6 with the edges, 1 with the face)
22	12-node fourth order incomplete triangle (3 nodes associated with the vertices, 9 with the edges)
23	15-node fourth order triangle (3 nodes associated with the vertices, 9 with the edges, 3 with the face)
24	15-node fifth order incomplete triangle (3 nodes associated with the vertices, 12 with the edges)
25	21-node fifth order complete triangle (3 nodes associated with the vertices, 12 with the edges, 6 with the face)
26	4-node third order edge (2 nodes associated with the vertices, 2 internal to the edge)
27	5-node fourth order edge (2 nodes associated with the vertices, 3 internal to the edge)
28	6-node fifth order edge (2 nodes associated with the vertices, 4 internal to the edge)
29	20-node third order tetrahedron (4 nodes associated with the vertices, 12 with the edges, 4 with the faces)
30	35-node fourth order tetrahedron (4 nodes associated with the vertices, 18 with the edges, 12 with the faces, 1 in the volume)
31	56-node fifth order tetrahedron (4 nodes associated with the vertices, 24 with the edges, 24 with the faces, 4 in the volume)

Continued on next page

Table 1: (Continued)

92	64-node third order hexahedron (8 nodes associated with the vertices, 24 with the edges, 24 with the faces, 8 in the volume)
93	125-node fourth order hexahedron (8 nodes associated with the vertices, 36 with the edges, 54 with the faces, 27 in the volume)

B Other functions

B.1 function `fc_oogmsh.gmsh.elm_type_desc`

This function returns a structure which contains some informations on a `gmsh elt-type` described in Appendix A.

Syntaxe

```
elt=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.elm_type_desc(type)
```

Matlab code with output

```
elt2=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.elm_type_desc(2)
elt4=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.elm_type_desc(4)
elt11=fc_oogmsh.gmsh.elm_type_desc(11)

elt2 =
struct with fields:
    define: 'MSH_TRI_3'
    elm_type: 2
    desc: '3-node triangle'
    nb_nodes: 3
    order: 1
    incomplete: 0
    d: 2
    geo: 'triangle'

elt4 =
struct with fields:
    define: 'MSH_TET_4'
    elm_type: 4
    desc: '4-node tetrahedron'
    nb_nodes: 4
    order: 1
    incomplete: 0
    d: 3
    geo: 'tetrahedron'

elt11 =
struct with fields:
    define: 'MSH_TET_10'
    elm_type: 11
    desc: '10-node second order tetrahedron (4 nodes associated with the vertices and 6 with the edges)'
    nb_nodes: 10
    order: 2
    incomplete: 0
    d: 3
    geo: 'tetrahedron'
```

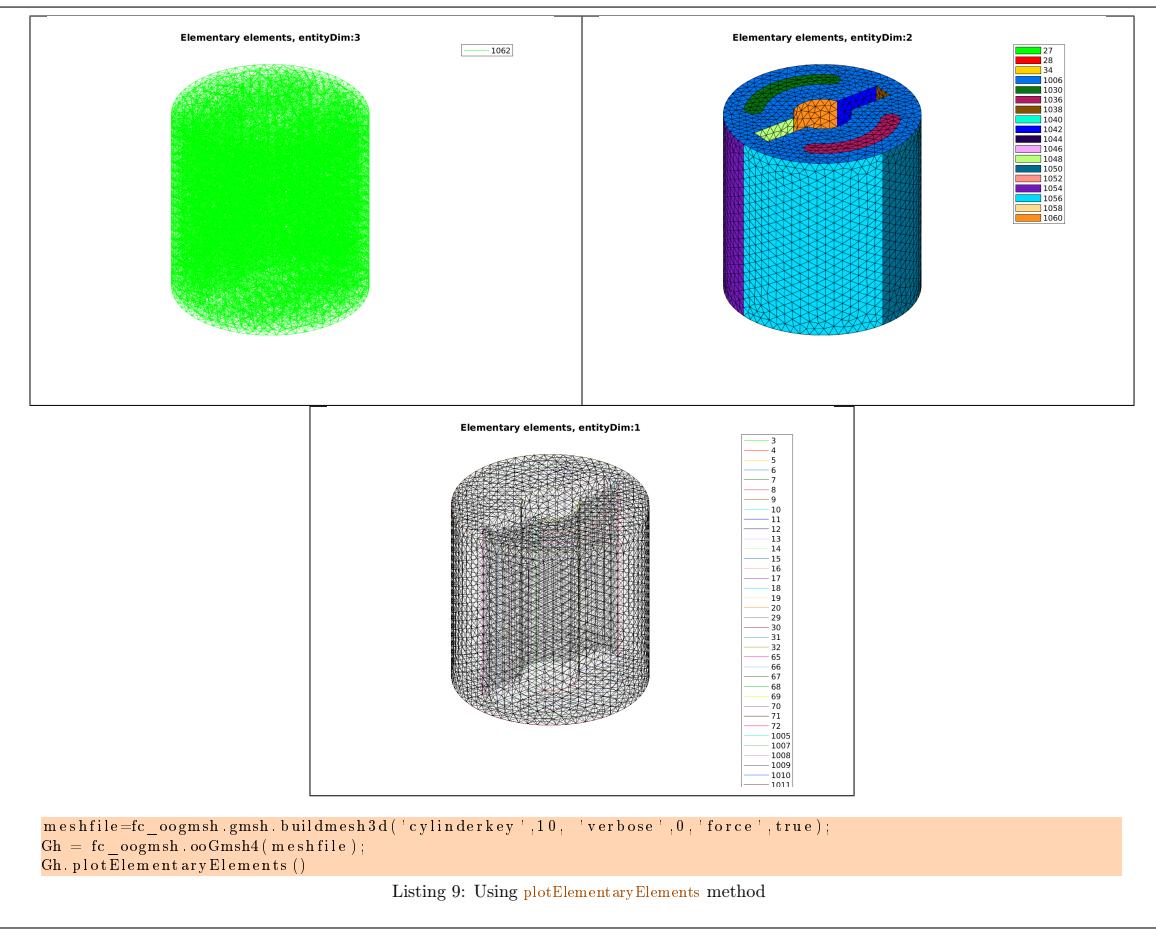
B.2 method `plotElementaryElements`

This function plot *Elementary Elements* of an `ooGmsh2` or `ooGmsh4` object of *Element Type*

- 1, 2-node line elements,
- 2, 3-node triangle elements,
- 4, 4-node tetrahedron elements.

This function uses the `fc-graphics4mesh` toolbox [1] version 0.1.5.

```
Gh.plotElementaryElements()
plotElementaryElements(Gh)
```



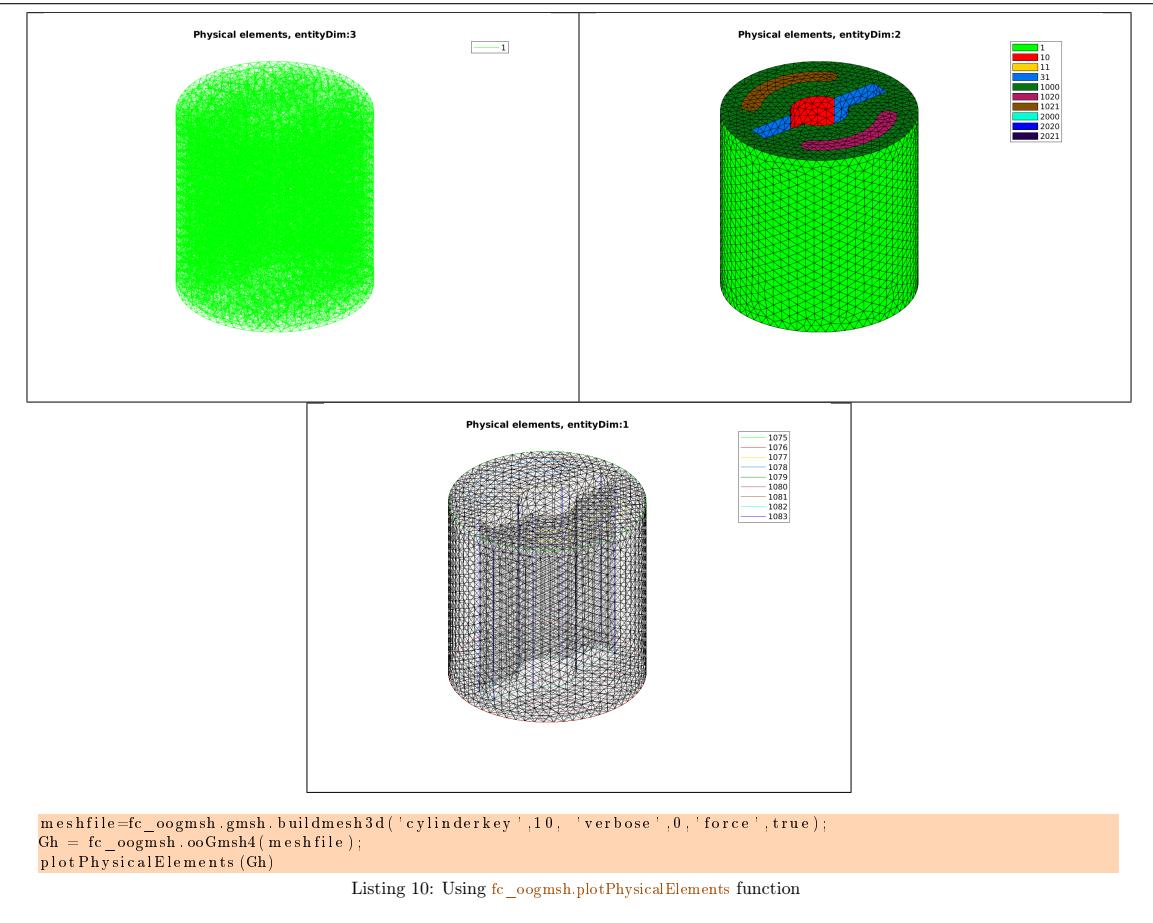
B.3 method `plotPhysicalElements`

This function plot *Physical Tags* of an `ooGmsh2` or `ooGmsh4` object of *Element Type*

- 1, 2-node *line* elements,
- 2, 3-node *triangle* elements,
- 4, 4-node *tetrahedron* elements.

This function uses the `fc-graphics4mesh` toolbox [1] version 0.1.5.

```
Gh.plotPhysicalElements()
plotPhysicalElements(Gh)
```



B.4 method `plotPartitionElements`

This function can be used with partitioned mesh file built with one of the following functions:

```

fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildpartmesh3d,
fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildpartmesh3ds,
fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildpartmesh2d.

```

This function plot *Partition Tags* of an `ooGmsh2` or `ooGmsh4` object of *Element Type*

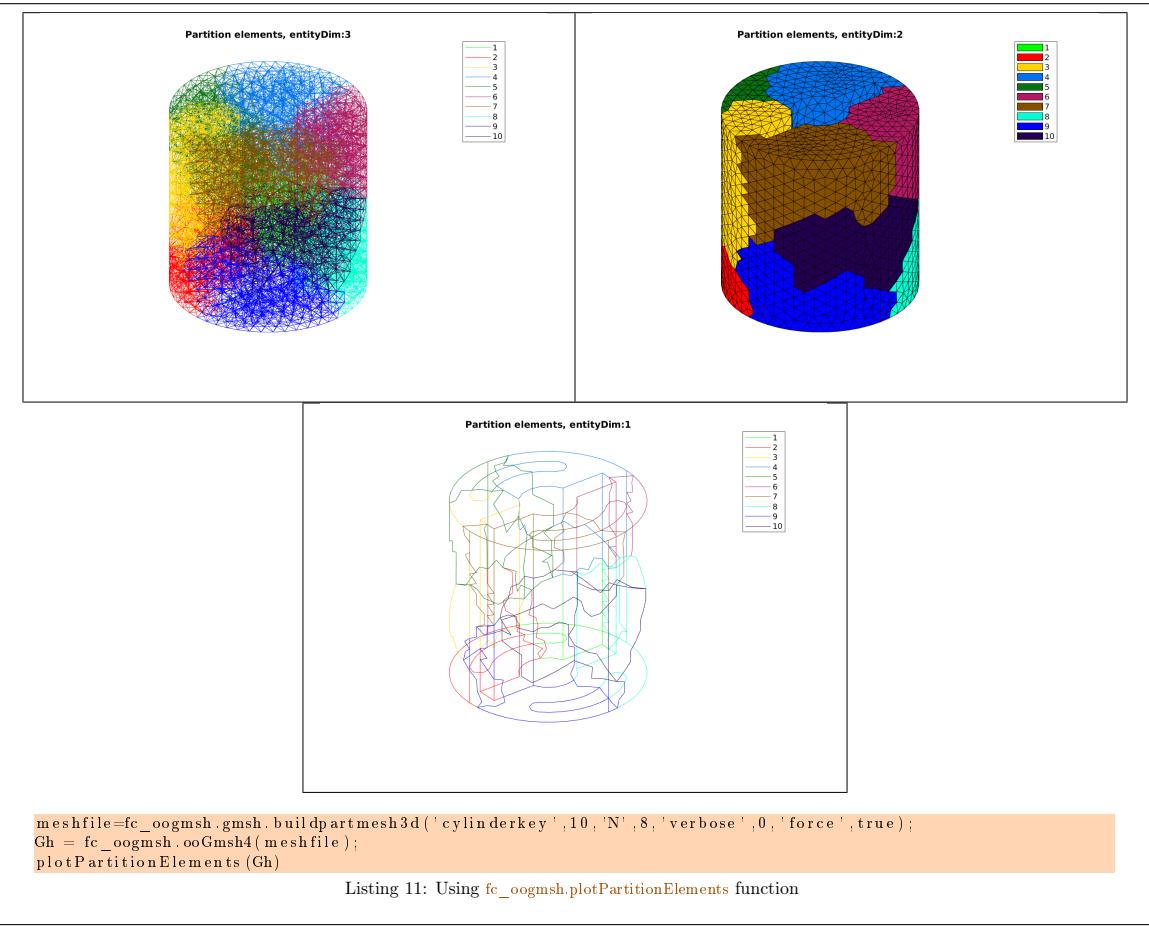
- 1, 2-node *line* elements,
- 2, 3-node *triangle* elements,
- 4, 4-node *tetrahedron* elements.

This function uses the `fc-graphics4mesh` toolbox [1] version 0.1.5.

```

Gh.plotPartitionElements()
plotPartitionElements(Gh)

```



B.5 method `plotInterfaceElements`

This function can be used with partitioned mesh file built with one of the following functions:

```

fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildpartmesh3d,
fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildpartmesh3ds,
fc_oogmsh.gmsh.buildpartmesh2d.

```

This function plot *Interface Tags* of the interfaces between partitions of an `ooGmsh2` or `ooGmsh4` object of *Element Type*

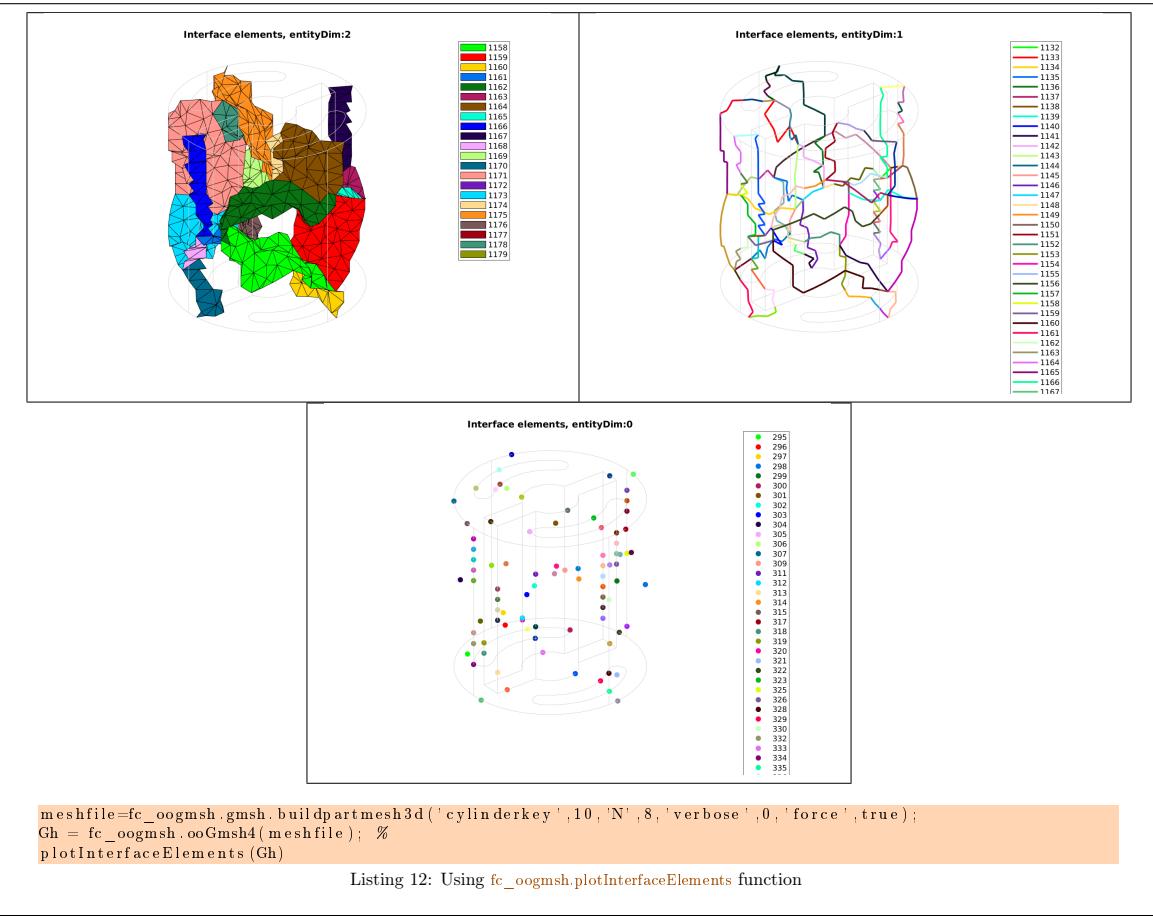
- 1, 2-node line elements,
- 2, 3-node triangle elements,
- 4, 4-node tetrahedron elements.

This function uses the `fc-graphics4mesh` toolbox [1] version 0.1.5.

```

Gh.plotInterfaceElements()
plotInterfaceElements(Gh)

```



B References

- [1] F. Cuvelier. `fc_graphics4mesh`: a Matlab toolbox for displaying simplices meshes or datas on simplices meshes. <http://www.math.univ-paris13.fr/~cuvelier/software/>, 2017. User's Guide.
- [2] C. Geuzaine and J.-F. Remacle. Gmsh: A 3-D finite element mesh generator with built-in pre- and post-processing facilities. *International Journal for Numerical Methods in Engineering*, 79(11):1309–1331, 2009.
- [3] C. Geuzaine and J.-F. Remacle. Gmsh 2.15.0. <http://gmsh.info>, 2016.
- [4] C. Geuzaine and J.-F. Remacle. Gmsh 4.2.1. <http://gmsh.info>, 2019.

Informations for git maintainers of the Matlab toolbox

git informations on the toolboxes used to build this manual

```
-----  
name : fc-oogmsh  
tag : 0.2.4.a  
commit : 9dff8e9ed08333f79eca8c3ba4595b66700d393f  
date : 2022-12-21  
time : 11-35-57  
status : 0  
-----  
name : fc-tools  
tag : 0.0.33  
commit : 453fdb4bfec0bb0ce1932157d3a3aa4dcba4428d3  
date : 2022-02-16  
time : 15-32-56  
status : 0  
-----  
name : fc-bench  
tag : 0.1.3  
commit : 6c8969bb49b90c7cae34e70c88dd2f968766376b  
date : 2022-12-17  
time : 13-58-43  
status : 0  
-----  
name : fc-amat  
tag : 0.1.3  
commit : 90dbaa2839188cf8e01629817e5f8ba1b7188052  
date : 2022-12-19  
time : 07-41-33  
status : 0  
-----  
name : fc-meshtools  
tag : 0.1.4.a  
commit : 57826462a8280dec5aa1eff0d424877097187b41  
date : 2022-12-19  
time : 08-27-27  
status : 0  
-----  
name : fc-graphics4mesh  
tag : 0.1.5.a  
commit : b994b7b2a57399840541708cae3c33f79787cb1a  
date : 2022-12-19  
time : 08-28-40  
status : 0  
-----
```

git informations on the L^AT_EX package used to build this manual

```
-----  
name : fctools  
tag :  
commit : c9a33ce7b4dacf90f66e5e49856e69af1dac0a3  
date : 2022-12-17  
time : 07:57:20  
status : 1  
-----
```

Using the remote configuration repository:

```
url      ssh://lagagit/MCS/Cuvelier/Matlab/fc-config  
commit  1ddb965ef261410ecee4ce178be4ceb85939de04
```